Environmental Product Declaration





In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

N2XH Cca and B2ca, YMz1K, FR-N1X1G-U, FR-N1X1G-R, XGB, FXQ – halogen-free, low smoke, fire resistant power cables with Cu conductors

from TT kabeli d.o.o.



Programme: The International EPD® System, <u>www.environdec.com</u>

Programme operator: EPD International AB EPD registration number: EPD-IES-0022415

Publication date: 2025-05-21 Valid until: 2030-05-21

EPD of multiple products, based on a representative product

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com







General information

Programme information

Programme:	The International EPD® System
Address:	EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden
Website:	www.environdec.com
E-mail:	info@environdec.com

Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification							
Product Category Rules (PCR)							
CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)							
PCR 2019:14 Construction Products (EN 15804:A2), Version 1.3.4. (2024-04-30) PCR 2019:14-c-PCR-019 Electrical cables and wires (for construction sector) (c-PCR to PCR 2019:14) (Adopted from EPD Norway) (2022-03-01)							
PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD System. See www.environdec.com for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact.							
Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)							
LCA accountability: Urtė Valdavičė, UAB Vesta consulting							
Third-party verification							
Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via: ⊠ EPD verification by individual verifier							
Third-party verifier: Jaka Jelenc (EPD Lead verifier), Camilla Landén							
Approved by: The International EPD® System							
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:							
□ Yes ⊠ No							

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.





Company information

Owner of the EPD: TT kabeli d.o.o.

Contact: Eugen Šušak, info@ttcables.com

<u>Description of the organisation:</u> TT Kabeli d.o.o., operating as TT Cables, is a leading producer of low-voltage cables in Southeast Europe. Established in 2007, the company has expanded its reach to supply major wholesalers and cable specialists across Europe, Africa, the Middle East, and North America. Headquartered in Široki Brijeg, Bosnia and Herzegovina, TT Cables has established subsidiaries in Lithuania, Serbia, Croatia, Austria, and Romania to enhance market coverage and customer service. TT Cables offers a diverse product range, including power cables up to 1kV, armoured cables, installation cables, and solar cables, exporting to over 50 countries worldwide. More information can be found here: https://www.ttcables.com/

<u>Product-related or management system-related certifications:</u> TT Kabeli d.o.o. (TT Cables) holds several important certifications related to quality, environmental management, occupational health and safety, and energy management:

- **ISO 9001** Quality Management System, ensuring consistent product quality and customer satisfaction.
- **ISO 14001** Environmental Management System, demonstrating commitment to sustainable and environmentally responsible practices.
- **ISO 45001** Occupational Health and Safety Management System, ensuring a safe working environment and reducing workplace risks.
- **ISO 50001** Energy Management System, aimed at improving energy efficiency and reducing energy consumption.

Name and location of production site(s): Knešpolje bb, Široki Brijeg, Bosnia and Herzegovina

Product information

<u>Product name:</u> N2XH Cca and B2ca, YMz1K, FR-N1X1G-U, FR-N1X1G-R, XGB, FXQ – halogen-free, low smoke, fire resistant power cables with Cu conductors

<u>Product group:</u> The EPD covers N2XH Cca and B2ca, YMz1K, FR-N1X1G-U, FR-N1X1G-R, XGB, FXQ cables.

Representative product: **N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE B2ca** cable was chosen to represent the product group, because of the highest share in the production quantities by mass within the cables in the group in 2024.

Representative product description: The N2XH-J 3x2.5 RE B2ca is a low-smoke, halogen-free power cable specifically designed for safe fixed installations in buildings where fire safety is a priority. It includes solid copper conductors (Class 1) per EN 60228, ensuring excellent conductivity and durability. The insulation is made of XLPE compound type 2XI1, offering excellent thermal performance and electrical insulation. A bedding layer of LSZH elastomere or plastomere compound, or plastic tape, cushions and protects the cores. The outer sheath, made of LSZH compound type HM4, ensures low smoke emission, no halogen release, and high flame retardancy. Rated B2ca under CPR, this cable is well-suited for use in public spaces requiring strict fire performance.

Series of cables that falls into the product group is listed in Annex 1

Representative product application areas: The N2XH-J 3x2.5 RE B2ca is a low smoke, halogen-free power cable suitable for fixed installations in a wide range of settings where fire safety and performance under elevated electrical and thermal strain are required. It can be installed in earth, ducts, on support brackets, and in both dry and wet environments, as long as there is no risk of mechanical damage or





tensile stress. This cable is ideal for use in urban distribution networks, industrial facilities, power generation plants, and among other electricity consumers. It is also well-suited for the connection of control and signaling devices in sectors such as industry and transportation, particularly in areas where fire prevention and reduced smoke emission are essential. With its B2ca classification under the CPR, it provides enhanced safety in public or high-value buildings, helping protect both people and infrastructure in case of fire.

Representative product technical data:

Technical Characteristic	Standards	N2XH Cables
Voltage rating (Uo/U)	HD 604 S1, IEC 60502-1, SI 1516-1	0,6 / 1 kV
Testing voltage	HD 604 S1, IEC 60502-1, SI 1516-1	4 kV
Minimum temperature for cable laying	HD 604 S1, IEC 60502-1, SI 1516-1	-5°C
Maximum working temperature	HD 604 S1, IEC 60502-1, SI 1516-1	90°C
Maximum short-circuit temperature	HD 604 S1, IEC 60502-1, SI 1516-1	250°C
Minimum bending radius	HD 604 S1, IEC 60502-1, SI 1516-1	Single-core: 15 × D Multicore: 12 × D
CPR fire performance class	EN 50399	B2ca - s1, d1, a1
UV resistant	IEC 61196-1-212	Yes
Low smoke emission	EN 61034	EN 61034
Halogen-free	EN 60754	EN 60754
Fire retardant	EN 60332-3	EN 60332-3

<u>UN CPC code:</u> 46 - Electrical machinery and apparatus, 4634 - Other electric conductors, for a voltage not exceeding 1000 V

Geographical scope: Global

LCA information

<u>Functional unit / declared unit:</u> in accordance with the PCR the declared unit is 1 meter. The mass of the representative product per declared unit is 0,1856 kg.

Reference service life: The reference service life of the product is assumed to be 30 years.

<u>Time representativeness:</u> Primary data was collected internally. The production data refers to the time period of 2024. This is the last full year data.

<u>Database(s)</u> and <u>LCA</u> software used: The Ecoinvent database provides the life cycle inventory data for the raw and process materials obtained from the background system. The used database is Ecoinvent 3.10.1. The LCA software used is One Click LCA.

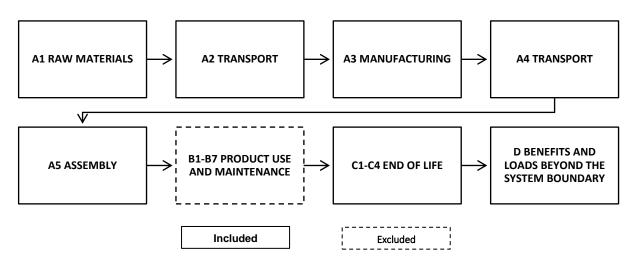
<u>Data quality:</u> The foreground data collected internally is based on yearly production amounts and extrapolations of measurements on specific machines and plants. Overall, the data quality can be described as good. The primary data collection has been done thoroughly.

<u>Description of system boundaries:</u> the EPD cover the cradle to gate with options scope with following modules: A1 (Raw material supply), A2 (Transport), A3 (Manufacturing), A4 (Transport), A5 (Installation), C1 (Deconstruction), C2 (Transport at end-of-life), C3 (Waste processing), C4 (Disposal) and D - benefits and loads beyond the system boundary in accordance with EN 15804.





System diagram:



Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and data variation (in GWP-GHG results):

	Pro	duct st	age	pro	truction ocess tage			U	se stag	e			E	end of	life sta	ge	Resource recovery stage
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
Modules declared	х	x	х	x	х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	х	х	х	х
Geography	GL	EU	BA	EU	EU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU
Specific data used		3,38%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products	+1	94 / -4	1%	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites	No	t relev	ant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Description of the system boundary (X = Included in LCA; ND = Not declared)

The environmental impacts of capital goods (e.g., production equipment, recycling machinery) and infrastructure (e.g., recycling facilities, transportation systems) have not been included in this assessment.

<u>Cut-off criteria:</u> The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the Standards and PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes for which data is available are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass and energy flows. The total excluded input and output flows do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.





<u>Allocation</u>, estimates and assumptions: Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. In this study, as per EN 15804, allocation is conducted in the following order:

- 1. Allocation should be avoided
- 2. Allocation should be based on physical properties (e.g. mass, volume) when the difference in revenue is small
- 3. Allocation should be based on economic values

The allocations in the Ecoinvent 3.10.1 datasets used in this study follow the Ecoinvent system model 'Allocation, cut-off, EN15804'. The methodological choices for allocation for reuse, recycling and recovery have been set according to the polluter pays principle (PPP).

Scenarios included in the LCA are based on realistic scenarios which are currently in use and are representative for one of the most likely scenario alternatives.

<u>Calculation rules for averaging data:</u> The EPD is an EPD of multiple products, based on a representative product. **N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE B2ca** cable was chosen as representative product, because of the highest share in the production quantities by mass within the cables in the group in the analysed period. The EPD does not claim compliance with ISO 21930, therefore variations above 10% are allowed. Applying a representative product ensures fair market representation and supports practical decision-making without skewing results toward extreme cases.

Product life cycle

Product stage (A1-A3)

A1: This module considers the extraction and processing of raw materials.

A2: The raw materials are transported to the manufacturing plant. In this case the model includes road transportation of each raw material.

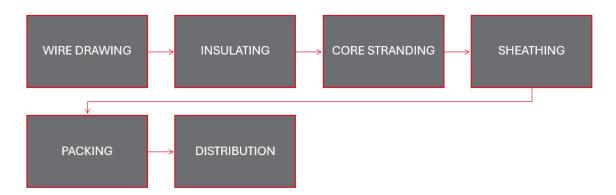
A3: This module includes the manufacture of products and packaging. It has considered all the energy consumption and waste generated in the production plant.

Manufacturing process

The manufacturing process of the **N2XH-J 3x2.5 RE B2ca** cable is tailored for fixed installations in buildings where fire safety is a critical requirement. It begins with the use of solid copper conductors (Class 1) in accordance with EN 60228, chosen for their durability and reliable electrical conductivity. Next, the conductors are insulated with XLPE compound type 2XI1, which provides excellent thermal resistance and robust electrical insulation suitable for indoor power distribution. Following the insulation stage, a bedding layer is applied using an LSZH elastomere or plastomere compound, or alternatively, a plastic tape, which cushions the cores and prepares them for the outer protective layer. The outer sheath is then extruded from a low smoke zero halogen (LSZH) compound, type HM4, ensuring minimal smoke generation, zero halogen emissions, and high flame retardance. This construction enables the cable to meet the B2ca classification under the Construction Products Regulation (CPR), making it highly suitable for public spaces with strict fire safety standards. After sheathing, the cable undergoes rigorous quality control and fire performance testing. Once verified, it is packaged, typically on reels or coils, and then prepared for distribution to construction and electrical installation sites.

The manufacturing process diagram is presented below.





Construction process stage (A4-A5)

A4: Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

A5: Environmental impacts from installation into the building (A5) include the generation and treatment of waste at the construction site (100% incineration rate with energy recovery). No energy use has been quantified since installation in buildings is often done by manual labour. No product losses during installation are estimated by the company.

Use stage (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase.

Product end of life (C1-C4, D)

C1: Deconstruction, dismantling, demolition

Machinery operations related to de-installation are assumed to be zero, indicating manual execution.

C2: Transport of the discarded product to the processing site

It is estimated that there is no mass loss during the use of the product, therefore the end-of-life product is assumed to have the same weight as the declared product. All the end-of-life products are assumed to be sent to the closest facilities such as recycling and incineration. Transportation distance to the closest disposal area is estimated as 100 km and the transportation method is assumed as lorry which is the most common option.

C3: Waste processing for reuse, recovery, and/or recycling

In end-of-life, it is assumed that 60 % of polymer material is collected and sent to incineration facility for energy recovery (R1, >60%) and 90 % of copper wire is collected and sent to a recycling site. Product packaging after installation (A5) will also be incinerated with energy recovery.

C4: Discharge (disposal)

It is assumed that 40% of polymer material, 10 % of copper wire is not suitable for recycling (e.g. cannot be separated) and are sent for disposal in landfill.

Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (D):

In the end-of-life scenario D, copper is recovered and recycled into post-consumer copper, offsetting the need for virgin copper production. Additionally, a portion of the product and its packaging is incinerated with energy recovery, reducing the demand for non-renewable energy sources such as natural gas.





Content information

The table below represents the product and packaging material content information for 1 meter of the representative product N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE B2ca.

Product components	Weight, kg/m	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Biogenic material, weight-% and g C/kg
Copper (conductor)	6,45E-02	0	0
HFFR (sheath)	4,91E-02	0	0
XLPE (insulation)	1,46E-02	0	0
XLPE (catalyst)	7,65E-04	0	0
MB-XLPE (colour insulation)	1,56E-04	0	0
MB-EVA (bedding)	8,47E-04	0	0
HFFR (bedding)	5,56E-02	0	0
TOTAL	1,86E-01	0	0
Packaging materials	Weight, kg/m	Weight-% (versus the product)	Weight biogenic carbon, kg C
¹ EUR-pallet	6,25E-03	3,66	² 3,96E-02
Thermal cap	1,76E-03	1,03	0
TOTAL	8,01E-03	4,70	3,96E-02

¹Global Warming Potential biogenic: -1.73 kg CO₂e / kg

All EPDs products do not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0.1% (1000 ppm).

 $^{^{2}}$ Conversion factor for converting kg CO₂ to kg C: 44/12 = 3.67





Results of the environmental performance indicators

The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks.

Usage of results from A1-A3 without considering the results of module C is not encouraged.

The declared unit is 1 m of **N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE B2ca** cable. The mass of the representative product per declared unit is 0,1856 kg.

Mandatory impact category indicators according to EN 15804+A2 (Reference package EF3.1)

Results per functional or declared unit									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP- total	kg CO ₂ eq.	8,42E-01	3,88E-02	1,11E-02	0,00E+00	1,92E-03	1,74E-01	2,49E-03	-1,43E-01
GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	8,52E-01	3,88E-02	2,07E-04	0,00E+00	1,92E-03	1,74E-01	2,49E-03	-1,44E-01
GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	-1,09E-02	0,00E+00	1,09E-02	0,00E+00	-1,65E-24	0,00E+00	-1,65E-24	0,00E+00
GWP- luluc	kg CO ₂ eq.	1,14E-03	1,51E-05	6,66E-08	0,00E+00	7,47E-07	2,96E-06	8,68E-07	1,65E-04
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	4,21E-08	8,09E-10	3,12E-12	0,00E+00	4,00E-11	8,14E-11	1,76E-11	9,77E-10
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	4,04E-02	9,15E-05	1,48E-06	0,00E+00	4,53E-06	5,50E-05	8,52E-06	3,71E-03
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	2,28E-04	2,71E-06	5,96E-08	0,00E+00	1,34E-07	1,38E-06	3,68E-06	-4,60E-01
EP- marine	kg N eq.	2,01E-03	2,40E-05	7,36E-07	0,00E+00	1,19E-06	2,59E-05	6,92E-05	-5,55E-05
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	2,86E-02	2,60E-04	7,13E-06	0,00E+00	1,28E-05	2,30E-04	2,68E-05	-2,84E-05
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	9,18E-03	1,59E-04	1,99E-06	0,00E+00	7,87E-06	5,96E-05	1,66E-05	1,09E-04
ADP- minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	9,51E-04	1,11E-07	4,91E-10	0,00E+00	5,49E-09	1,05E-07	1,80E-09	-7,91E-06
ADP-fossil*	MJ	1,63E+01	5,82E-01	2,34E-03	0,00E+00	2,88E-02	5,13E-02	1,65E-02	-1,17E+00
WDP*	m³	5,05E-01	2,98E-03	2,67E-04	0,00E+00	1,48E-04	1,17E-02	1,73E-04	6,35E-02

Acronyms

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

^{*} Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.





Additional mandatory and voluntary impact category indicators

	Results per functional or declared unit									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A 5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
GWP-GHG	kg CO2 eq.	8,53E-01	3,88E-02	2,07E-04	0,00E+00	1,92E-03	1,74E-01	2,49E-03	-1,43E-01	
Particulate matter	Incidence	9,85E-08	3,78E-09	2,25E-11	0,00E+00	1,87E-10	4,15E-10	1,17E-10	6,02E-09	
Ionizing radiation	kBq U235e	7,83E-02	7,02E-04	2,75E-06	0,00E+00	3,47E-05	2,10E-04	3,83E-05	1,84E-02	
Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	3,51E+02	6,86E-02	9,89E-04	0,00E+00	3,39E-03	3,50E-01	4,82E-01	4,25E+00	
Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	7,20E-09	6,46E-12	2,45E-13	0,00E+00	3,20E-13	1,59E-11	1,53E-12	-1,90E-09	
Human tox. non- cancer	CTUh	5,26E-07	3,76E-10	1,64E-11	0,00E+00	1,86E-11	5,97E-10	2,30E-10	7,13E-08	
SQP	-	1,47E+01	5,86E-01	1,56E-03	0,00E+00	2,90E-02	4,37E-02	3,09E-02	2,06E+00	

Resource use indicators

Results per functional or declared unit										
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
PERE	MJ	2,24E+00	9,48E-03	-1,35E-01	0,00E+00	4,69E-04	4,66E-03	-4,44E-01	-7,26E-01	
PERM	MJ	9,54E-02	0,00E+00	-9,54E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
PERT	MJ	2,34E+00	9,48E-03	-2,31E-01	0,00E+00	4,69E-04	4,66E-03	-4,44E-01	-7,26E-01	
PENRE	MJ	1,16E+01	5,82E-01	2,34E-03	0,00E+00	2,88E-02	-2,59E+00	-2,75E-01	-8,33E-01	
PENRM	MJ	4,45E+00	0,00E+00	-9,16E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-2,61E+00	-1,74E+00	0,00E+00	
PENRT	MJ	1,60E+01	5,82E-01	-8,93E-02	0,00E+00	2,88E-02	-5,20E+00	-2,02E+00	-8,33E-01	
SM	kg	2,67E-02	2,52E-04	3,11E-06	0,00E+00	1,25E-05	5,21E-05	5,35E-06	5,80E-02	
RSF	MJ	3,38E-03	3,18E-06	1,29E-08	0,00E+00	1,57E-07	2,00E-06	9,33E-08	7,91E-02	
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
FW	m ³	6,67E-02	8,59E-05	1,79E-06	0,00E+00	4,25E-06	2,05E-04	-1,81E-04	2,49E-03	

Acronyms

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

Note: Option A was chosen for the calculations of the primary energy indicators, according to on Annex 3 of PCR 2019:14





Waste indicators

	Results per functional or declared unit									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A 5	C1	C2	С3	C4	D	
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	1,70E-01	8,42E-04	5,35E-05	0,00E+00	4,17E-05	3,09E-03	4,35E-05	-6,63E-02	
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	1,38E+01	1,69E-02	8,25E-03	0,00E+00	8,34E-04	8,46E-02	2,48E-01	1,93E+00	
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	2,63E-05	1,74E-07	6,83E-10	0,00E+00	8,59E-09	5,37E-08	9,37E-09	-4,61E-05	

Output flow indicators

Results per functional or declared unit										
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
Components for reuse	kg	0,00E+00								
Material for recycling	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,80E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,00E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,27E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0,00E+00								
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0,00E+00								





Variation of core environmental performance indicators

In accordance with the regulations, the variation between the highest and lowest environmental impact indicator results (mandatory and additional) for modules A to C is declared. The thickest cable within the product group is assumed to have the highest environmental impact results and the thinnest cable is assumed to have the lowest environmental impact results. The variation between products is mainly subjected to material weight, due to green energy in production.

Variation of results									
Indicator	Unit	A – C							
GWP- total	kg CO ₂ eq.	195%							
GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	195%							
GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	-							
GWP- luluc	kg CO ₂ eq.	197%							
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	196%							
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	198%							
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	197%							
EP- marine	kg N eq.	197%							
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	198%							
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	197%							
ADP- minerals&metals	kg Sb eq.	198%							
ADP-fossil	MJ	194%							
WDP	m³	197%							

Variation results								
Indicator	Unit	A – C						
GWP-GHG	kg CO2 eq.	195%						
Particulate matter	Incidence	197%						
Ionizing radiation	kBq U235e	197%						
Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	198%						
Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	198%						
Human tox. non- cancer	CTUh	198%						
SQP	-	197%						

Note. For example, if the variation between the values 9 and 10 is calculated, the following calculation shall be made: $1/9.5*100 = 10.526...\% \approx 11\%$ (with two decimals).





Additional environmental information

Manufacturing energy scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Global warming potential (A1-A3) value	Source
Renewable energy mix	0.0074 kg CO _{2e} / kWh	Elektroprivreda BiH d.d. Sarajevo (EPBIH) energy generation power balance (2022) https://www.epbih.ba/eng/page/about-company#power-balance
Market for diesel, burned in building machine (Reference product: diesel, burned in building machine)	0.0278 kg CO _{2e} / kWh	Country: World Data source: ecoinvent 3.10.1
Market for propane, burned in building machine (Reference product: propane, burned in building machine)	0.0262 kg CO _{2e} / kWh	Country: World Data source: ecoinvent 3.10.1

Transport to the building site scenario documentation

Scenario information	Value
Vehicle type used for transport	Market for transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO6
Distance, km	1936
Capacity utilisation (including empty returns), %	100
Weight of transported products with packaging	0,1936 kg/m
Volume capacity utilisation factor	1

End-of-life scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Value	
Collection process – kg collected separately	1,86E-01	
Collection process – kg collected with mixed waste	-	
Recovery process – kg for re-use	-	
Recovery process – kg for recycling	5,80E-02	
Recovery process – kg for energy recovery	7,27E-02	
Disposal (total) – kg for final deposition	5,49E-02	
Scenario assumptions e.g. transportation	Dismantled product is transported 100 km	





References

Standards and PCR

- 1. General Programme Instructions of the international EPD® system. Version 4.0.
- 2. PCR 2019:14 Construction Products (EN 15804:A2) version 1.3.4 (2024-04-30)
- 3. Product Category Rules PCR 2019:14-c-PCR-019 Electrical cables and wires (for construction sector) (c-PCR to PCR 2019:14) (Adopted from EPD Norway) (2022-03-01)
- 4. EN 15804+A2 Sustainability in construction works Environmental product declarations Core rules for the product category of construction products.
- 5. ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures.
- 6. ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Principles and frameworks.
- 7. ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Requirements and guidelines.
- 8. Cables LCA background report.

Data references:

- 1. One Click LCA tool
- 2. Ecoinvent database v3.10.1 (2024)







Annex 1

Series of cables that falls into the product group are presented below.

- FR-N1 X1G1-R 1x300 Cca
- N2XH-J 7x1,5 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x6 RE (1) Cca
- N2XH-J 5x6 RE B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 5x6 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x50 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x4 RE (1) Cca
- N2XH-J 5x4 RE B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 5x4 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x35 SM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x35 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x25 RM Cca
- N2XH-J 5x25 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x25 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x2,5 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 5x2.5 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x16 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x16 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x16 RM Cca
- N2XH-J 5x16 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x10 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x10 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x10 RM Cca
- N2XH-J 5x10 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 5x1,5 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 5x1,5 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x70 SM B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x6 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x4 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x35 SM Cca
- N2XH-J 4x25 RM B2Ca
- N2XH-J 4x240 SM B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x2,5 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x185 SM B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x16 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x10 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 4x1,5 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 3x6 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 3x6 RE B2ca

- N2XH-J 3x6 RE/ŠP 500m (1) Cca
- N2XH-J 3x4 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 3x4 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE/ŠP 500m (1) Cca
- N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 3x2,5 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 3x16 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 3x10 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 3x10 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 3x10 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 3x1,5 RE/ŠP 500m(1) Cca
- N2XH-J 3x1,5 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-J 3x1,5 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x95 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x70 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x6 RE B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x35 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x25 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x240 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x185 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x16 RM B2ca
- N2XH-J 1x10 RE B2ca
- N2XH-0 2x16 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 2x1,5 RE/ŠP 500 m B2ca (1)
- N2XH-0 1x95 RM Cca*
- N2XH-0 1x95 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x70 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x50 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x300 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x25 RM Cca*
- N2XH-0 1x240 Cca*
- N2XH-0 1x240 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x185 RM Cca*
- N2XH-0 1x185 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x150 RM Cca*
- N2XH-0 1x150 RM B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x120 RM Cca*
- N2XH-0 1x120 RM B2ca