

Environmental Product Declaration



In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

**U-1000 RZ1-K B2ca and Cca / N2XH flex / YMz1k-f /
FG16OM16, FG16M16 – halogen-free, low smoke, fire
resistant power cables with Cu conductors**

from TT kabeli d.o.o.



| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Programme: | The International EPD® System, www.environdec.com |
| Programme operator: | EPD International AB |
| EPD registration number: | EPD-IES-0022413 |
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EPD of multiple products, based on a representative product

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com



General information

Programme information

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Programme: | The International EPD® System |
| Address: | EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden |
| Website: | www.environdec.com |
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Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification

Product Category Rules (PCR)

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)

PCR 2019:14 Construction Products (EN 15804:A2), Version 1.3.4. (2024-04-30)
PCR 2019:14-c-PCR-019 Electrical cables and wires (for construction sector) (c-PCR to PCR 2019:14) (Adopted from EPD Norway) (2022-03-01)

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD System. See www.environdec.com for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact.

Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

LCA accountability: Urtė Valdavičė, UAB Vesta consulting

Third-party verification

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:

☒ EPD verification by individual verifier

Third-party verifier: Jaka Jelenc (EPD Lead verifier), Camilla Landén

Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

☐ Yes ☒ No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

Company information

Owner of the EPD: TT kabeli d.o.o.

Contact: Eugen Šušak, info@ttcables.com

Description of the organisation: TT Kabeli d.o.o., operating as TT Cables, is a leading producer of low-voltage cables in Southeast Europe. Established in 2007, the company has expanded its reach to supply major wholesalers and cable specialists across Europe, Africa, the Middle East, and North America. Headquartered in Široki Brijeg, Bosnia and Herzegovina, TT Cables has established subsidiaries in Lithuania, Serbia, Croatia, Austria, and Romania to enhance market coverage and customer service. TT Cables offers a diverse product range, including power cables up to 1kV, armoured cables, installation cables, and solar cables, exporting to over 50 countries worldwide. More information can be found here: <https://www.ttcables.com/>

Product-related or management system-related certifications: TT Kabeli d.o.o. (TT Cables) holds several important certifications related to quality, environmental management, occupational health and safety, and energy management:

- **ISO 9001** – Quality Management System, ensuring consistent product quality and customer satisfaction.
- **ISO 14001** – Environmental Management System, demonstrating commitment to sustainable and environmentally responsible practices.
- **ISO 45001** – Occupational Health and Safety Management System, ensuring a safe working environment and reducing workplace risks.
- **ISO 50001** – Energy Management System, aimed at improving energy efficiency and reducing energy consumption.

Name and location of production site(s): Knešpolje bb, Široki Brijeg, Bosnia and Herzegovina

Product information

Product name: U-1000 RZ1-K B2ca and Cca / N2XH flex / YMz1k-f / FG16OM16, FG16M16 – halogen-free, low smoke, fire resistant power cables with Cu conductors

Product group: The EPD covers U-1000 RZ1-K B2ca and Cca / N2XH flex / YMz1k-f / FG16OM16, FG16M16 cables.

Representative product: **U-1000 RZ1-K 4x240 B2ca** cable was chosen to represent the product group, because of the highest share in the production quantities by mass within the cables in the group in 2024.

Representative product description: The **U-1000 RZ1-K 1x240 B2ca** is a highly flexible and flame-retardant power cable engineered for modern electrical installations with stringent safety requirements. Built with class 5 copper conductors according to EN 60228, it offers superior flexibility, ideal for complex routing or dynamic environments. The XLPE insulation (DIX 3) provides outstanding thermal and electrical resistance. An extruded LSZH elastomere/plastomere bedding enhances mechanical protection and supports flame retardancy. The cable is finished with an LSZH sheath type DMZ-E, which ensures minimal smoke and zero halogen emissions during fire, contributing to better visibility and air quality in emergencies. Compliant with B2ca CPR classification, it's suitable for public buildings, tunnels, and other high-safety environments.

Series of cables that falls into the product group is listed in Annex 1

Representative product application areas: The **U-1000 RZ1-K 1x240 B2ca** is a low smoke, halogen-free power cable designed for fixed installations in both dry and damp environments. It can be safely installed on or under plaster, on cable trays, inside walls, within concrete, or directly buried in the ground.

While not suitable for direct laying in water, it may be used in outdoor applications within protective tubes, provided that appropriate measures are taken to prevent water ingress. Thanks to its LSZH (Low Smoke Zero Halogen) construction and B2ca fire classification, this cable is particularly suitable for supply systems in emergency situations, offering enhanced fire protection and reduced toxic gas emission. It is ideal for applications in locations where the safety of people and protection of property are of high importance, such as public buildings, industrial plants, power stations, transformer substations, municipal infrastructures, hotels, shopping centres, hospitals, schools, airports, and underground transport systems. Its excellent mechanical properties, flame retardance, and flexibility make it a reliable choice for modern, high-safety electrical installations.

Representative product technical data:

| Technical Characteristics | Standards | RZ1-K Cables |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Test Voltage | HD 604 5D, IEC 60502-1, UNE 21123-4 | 4 kV |
| Rated Voltage | HD 604 5D, IEC 60502-1, UNE 21123-4 | 0,6/1 kV |
| Bending Radius (min) | HD 604 5D, IEC 60502-1, UNE 21123-4 | 5xD |
| Min. Installation Temperature | HD 604 5D, IEC 60502-1, UNE 21123-4 | -15°C |
| Max. Short-Circuit Temperature | HD 604 5D, IEC 60502-1, UNE 21123-4 | 250°C |
| Operating Temperature | HD 604 5D, IEC 60502-1, UNE 21123-4 | Up to 90°C |

UN CPC code: 46 - Electrical machinery and apparatus, 4634 - Other electric conductors, for a voltage not exceeding 1000 V

Geographical scope: Global

LCA information

Functional unit / declared unit: in accordance with the PCR the declared unit is 1 meter. The mass of the representative product per declared unit is 2,5943 kg.

Reference service life: The reference service life of the product is assumed to be 30 years.

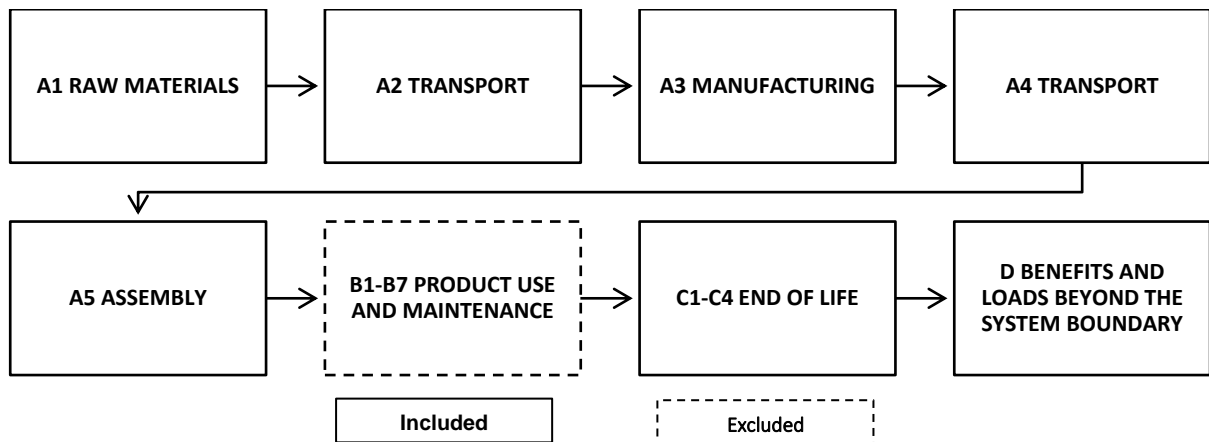
Time representativeness: Primary data was collected internally. The production data refers to the time period of 2024. This is the last full year data.

Database(s) and LCA software used: The Ecoinvent database provides the life cycle inventory data for the raw and process materials obtained from the background system. The used database is Ecoinvent 3.10.1. The LCA software used is One Click LCA.

Data quality: The foreground data collected internally is based on yearly production amounts and extrapolations of measurements on specific machines and plants. Overall, the data quality can be described as good. The primary data collection has been done thoroughly.

Description of system boundaries: the EPD cover the cradle to gate with options scope with following modules: A1 (Raw material supply), A2 (Transport), A3 (Manufacturing), A4 (Transport), A5 (Installation), C1 (Deconstruction), C2 (Transport at end-of-life), C3 (Waste processing), C4 (Disposal) and D - benefits and loads beyond the system boundary in accordance with EN 15804.

System diagram:



Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and data variation (in GWP-GHG results):

| | Product stage | | | Construction process stage | | Use stage | | | | | | | End of life stage | | | | Resource recovery stage |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| | Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Construction installation | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential |
| Module | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Modules declared | x | x | x | x | x | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | ND | x | x | x | x | x |
| Geography | GL | EU | BA | EU | EU | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | EU | EU | EU | EU | EU |
| Specific data used | 2,67% | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variation – products | +92 / -180% | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variation – sites | Not relevant | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Description of the system boundary (X = Included in LCA; ND = Not declared)

The environmental impacts of capital goods (e.g., production equipment, recycling machinery) and infrastructure (e.g., recycling facilities, transportation systems) have not been included in this assessment.

Cut-off criteria: The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the Standards and PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes for which data is available are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass and energy flows. The total excluded input and output flows do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

Allocation, estimates and assumptions: Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. In this study, as per EN 15804, allocation is conducted in the following order:

1. Allocation should be avoided
2. Allocation should be based on physical properties (e.g. mass, volume) when the difference in revenue is small
3. Allocation should be based on economic values

The allocations in the Ecoinvent 3.10.1 datasets used in this study follow the Ecoinvent system model 'Allocation, cut-off, EN15804'. The methodological choices for allocation for reuse, recycling and recovery have been set according to the polluter pays principle (PPP).

Scenarios included in the LCA are based on realistic scenarios which are currently in use and are representative for one of the most likely scenario alternatives.

Calculation rules for averaging data: The EPD is an EPD of multiple products, based on a representative product. **U-1000 RZ1-K 4x240 B2ca** cable was chosen as representative product for the product group, because of the highest share in the production quantities by mass within the cables in the group in the analysed period. The EPD does not claim compliance with ISO 21930, therefore variations above 10% are allowed. Applying a representative product ensures fair market representation and supports practical decision-making without skewing results toward extreme cases.

Product life cycle

Product stage (A1-A3)

A1: This module considers the extraction and processing of raw materials.

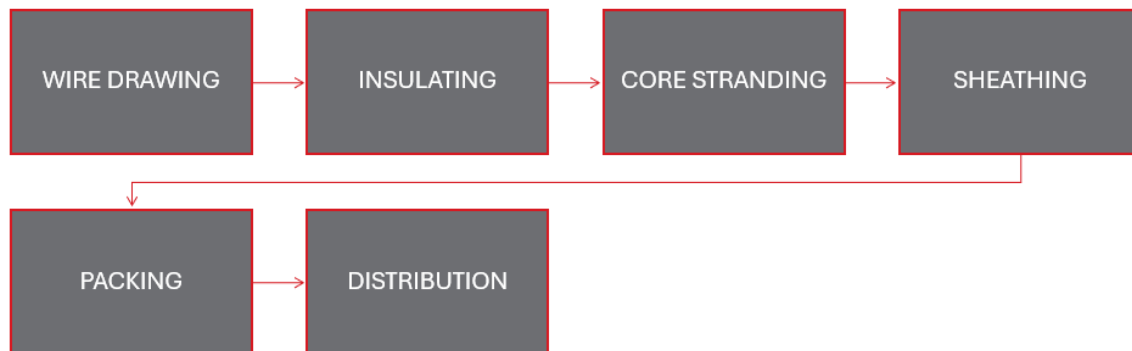
A2: The raw materials are transported to the manufacturing plant. In this case the model includes road transportation of each raw material.

A3: This module includes the manufacture of products and packaging. It has considered all the energy consumption and waste generated in the production plant.

Manufacturing process

The manufacturing of the U-1000 RZ1-K 1x240 B2ca cable is engineered to deliver exceptional flexibility, fire safety, and electrical reliability. The process starts with the selection of Class 5 finely stranded copper conductors, as defined by EN 60228, which provide superior flexibility—ideal for installations that involve frequent bending or movement. These conductors are then insulated using an XLPE compound, type DIX 3, which ensures high thermal resistance and excellent dielectric strength. Following insulation, a bedding layer is applied using an extruded elastomere or plastomere compound, specifically formulated as low smoke zero halogen (LSZH) to reduce toxic gas emissions and smoke production during a fire. Next, the cable receives its outer sheath, made of LSZH compound type DMZ-E, which offers durable mechanical protection, flame retardance, and compliance with the B2ca classification under the Construction Products Regulation (CPR) for reduced fire propagation. After sheathing, the cables are subjected to comprehensive quality testing, including fire performance and mechanical integrity checks. Once validated, they are packaged, typically on reels or drums, and prepared for distribution to construction sites or commercial facilities, especially those requiring strict adherence to fire safety standards in public buildings.

The manufacturing process diagram is presented below.



Construction process stage (A4-A5)

A4: Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

A5: Environmental impacts from installation into the building (A5) include the generation and treatment of waste at the construction site (100% incineration rate with energy recovery). No energy use has been quantified since installation in buildings is often done by manual labour. No product losses during installation are estimated by the company.

Use stage (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase.

Product end of life (C1-C4, D)

C1: Deconstruction, dismantling, demolition

Machinery operations related to de-installation are assumed to be zero, indicating manual execution.

C2: Transport of the discarded product to the processing site

It is estimated that there is no mass loss during the use of the product, therefore the end-of-life product is assumed to have the same weight as the declared product. All the end-of-life products are assumed to be sent to the closest facilities such as recycling and incineration. Transportation distance to the closest disposal area is estimated as 100 km and the transportation method is assumed as lorry which is the most common option.

C3: Waste processing for reuse, recovery, and/or recycling

In end-of-life, it is assumed that 60 % of polymer material is collected and sent to incineration facility for energy recovery (R1, >60%) and 90 % of copper wire is collected and sent to a recycling site. Product packaging after installation (A5) will also be incinerated with energy recovery.

C4: Discharge (disposal)

It is assumed that 40% of polymer material, 10 % of copper wire is not suitable for recycling (e.g. cannot be separated) and are sent for disposal in landfill.

Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (D):

In the end-of-life scenario D, copper is recovered and recycled into post-consumer copper, offsetting the need for virgin copper production. Additionally, a portion of the product and its packaging is incinerated with energy recovery, reducing the demand for non-renewable energy sources such as natural gas.

Content information

The table below represents the product and packaging material content information for 1 meter of the representative product **U-1000 RZ1-K 4x240 B2ca**.

| Product components | Weight, kg/m | Post-consumer material, weight-% | Biogenic material, weight-% and g C/kg |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Copper (conductor) | 2,10E+00 | 0 | 0 |
| XLPE (insulation) | 1,50E-01 | 0 | 0 |
| HFFR (sheath) | 6,72E-02 | 0 | 0 |
| XLPE (catalyst) | 7,97E-03 | 0 | 0 |
| MB-XLPE (colour insulation) | 1,59E-03 | 0 | 0 |
| MB-EVA (bedding) | 4,15E-03 | 0 | 0 |
| HFFR (bedding) | 2,63E-01 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 2,59E+00 | 0 | 0 |
| Packaging materials | Weight, kg/m | Weight-% (versus the product) | Weight biogenic carbon, kg C |
| ¹ Wooden drum (wood) | 3,57E-01 | 13,76 | ² 2,37E+00 |
| Wooden drum (metal) | 1,10E-02 | 0,43 | 0 |
| Thermal cap | 1,76E-03 | 0,07 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 3,70E-01 | 14,25 | 2,37E+00 |

¹Global Warming Potential biogenic: -1.81 kg CO₂e / kg

²Conversion factor for converting kg CO₂ to kg C: 44/12 = 3.67

All EPDs products do not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0.1% (1000 ppm).

Results of the environmental performance indicators

The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks.

Usage of results from A1-A3 without considering the results of module C is not encouraged.

The declared unit is 1 m of **U-1000 RZ1-K 4x240 B2ca** cable. The mass of the representative product per declared unit is 2,5943 kg/m.

Mandatory impact category indicators according to EN 15804+A2 (Reference package EF3.1)

| Results per functional or declared unit | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Indicator | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| GWP-total | kg CO ₂ eq. | 1,74E+01 | 5,94E-01 | 6,56E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 2,68E-02 | 7,48E-01 | 1,13E-02 | -4,67E+00 |
| GWP-fossil | kg CO ₂ eq. | 1,80E+01 | 5,93E-01 | 9,57E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 2,68E-02 | 7,48E-01 | 1,13E-02 | -4,67E+00 |
| GWP-biogenic | kg CO ₂ eq. | -6,46E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 6,46E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| GWP-luluc | kg CO ₂ eq. | 3,22E-02 | 2,31E-04 | 3,08E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 1,04E-05 | 5,82E-05 | 4,20E-06 | 5,40E-03 |
| ODP | kg CFC 11 eq. | 9,48E-07 | 1,24E-08 | 1,44E-10 | 0,00E+00 | 5,60E-10 | 8,35E-10 | 1,05E-10 | 3,19E-08 |
| AP | mol H ⁺ eq. | 1,29E+00 | 1,40E-03 | 6,86E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 6,33E-05 | 6,69E-04 | 4,29E-05 | 1,21E-01 |
| EP-freshwater | kg P eq. | 5,82E-03 | 4,15E-05 | 2,75E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 1,87E-06 | 2,97E-05 | 1,51E-05 | -1,50E+01 |
| EP-marine | kg N eq. | 5,98E-02 | 3,67E-04 | 3,40E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 1,66E-05 | 2,04E-04 | 2,86E-04 | -1,66E-03 |
| EP-terrestrial | mol N eq. | 8,72E-01 | 3,97E-03 | 3,29E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 1,80E-04 | 2,05E-03 | 1,43E-04 | 7,51E-04 |
| POCP | kg NMVOC eq. | 2,50E-01 | 2,43E-03 | 9,21E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 1,10E-04 | 5,73E-04 | 8,01E-05 | 3,98E-03 |
| ADP-minerals&metals* | kg Sb eq. | 3,09E-02 | 1,70E-06 | 2,27E-08 | 0,00E+00 | 7,68E-08 | 3,08E-06 | 9,18E-09 | -2,58E-04 |
| ADP-fossil* | MJ | 2,43E+02 | 8,91E+00 | 1,08E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 4,03E-01 | 7,10E-01 | 9,54E-02 | -3,82E+01 |
| WDP* | m ³ | 1,44E+01 | 4,56E-02 | 1,23E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 2,06E-03 | 5,67E-02 | 7,88E-04 | 2,08E+00 |
| Acronyms | GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption | | | | | | | | |

* Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

Additional mandatory and voluntary impact category indicators

| Results per functional or declared unit | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Indicator | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| GWP-GHG | kg CO2 eq. | 1,81E+01 | 5,94E-01 | 9,57E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 2,68E-02 | 7,48E-01 | 1,13E-02 | -4,67E+00 |
| Particulate matter | Incidence | 2,95E-06 | 5,79E-08 | 1,04E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 2,62E-09 | 7,73E-09 | 6,64E-10 | 2,41E-07 |
| Ionizing radiation | kBq U235e | 1,91E+00 | 1,07E-02 | 1,27E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 4,86E-04 | 5,11E-03 | 1,74E-04 | 6,04E-01 |
| Ecotoxicity (freshwater) | CTUe | 1,14E+04 | 1,05E+00 | 4,57E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 4,75E-02 | 1,72E+00 | 1,97E+00 | 1,39E+02 |
| Human toxicity, cancer | CTUh | 2,32E-07 | 9,88E-11 | 1,13E-11 | 0,00E+00 | 4,47E-12 | 9,83E-11 | 6,45E-12 | -6,20E-08 |
| Human tox. non-cancer | CTUh | 1,70E-05 | 5,76E-09 | 7,57E-10 | 0,00E+00 | 2,60E-10 | 4,70E-09 | 9,42E-10 | 2,32E-06 |
| SQP | - | 4,68E+02 | 8,97E+00 | 7,21E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 4,06E-01 | 1,15E+00 | 1,82E-01 | 6,72E+01 |

Resource use indicators

| Results per functional or declared unit | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Indicator | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| PERE | MJ | 6,37E+01 | 1,45E-01 | -6,26E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,56E-03 | 1,13E-01 | -1,81E+00 | -2,36E+01 |
| PERM | MJ | 3,64E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -3,64E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| PERT | MJ | 6,73E+01 | 1,45E-01 | -9,90E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,56E-03 | 1,13E-01 | -1,81E+00 | -2,36E+01 |
| PENRE | MJ | 2,24E+02 | 8,91E+00 | 1,08E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 4,03E-01 | -1,01E+01 | -1,09E+00 | -2,70E+01 |
| PENRM | MJ | 1,88E+01 | 0,00E+00 | -8,53E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -1,12E+01 | -7,49E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| PENRT | MJ | 2,42E+02 | 8,91E+00 | 2,30E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 4,03E-01 | -2,13E+01 | -8,58E+00 | -2,70E+01 |
| SM | kg | 8,09E-01 | 3,85E-03 | 1,44E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 1,74E-04 | 8,24E-04 | 2,89E-05 | 1,89E+00 |
| RSF | MJ | 4,76E-03 | 4,86E-05 | 5,95E-07 | 0,00E+00 | 2,20E-06 | 3,66E-05 | 5,28E-07 | 3,65E+00 |
| NRSF | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| FW | m³ | 5,51E-01 | 1,32E-03 | 8,27E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 5,95E-05 | 1,10E-03 | -7,10E-04 | 8,12E-02 |
| Acronyms | PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water | | | | | | | | |

Note: Option A was chosen for the calculations of the primary energy indicators, according to on Annex 3 of PCR 2019:14

Waste indicators

| Results per functional or declared unit | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Indicator | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Hazardous waste disposed | kg | 5,21E+00 | 1,29E-02 | 2,47E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 5,83E-04 | 1,59E-02 | 2,09E-04 | -2,16E+00 |
| Non-hazardous waste disposed | kg | 3,78E+02 | 2,58E-01 | 3,81E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 1,17E-02 | 4,63E-01 | 1,01E+00 | 6,31E+01 |
| Radioactive waste disposed | kg | 6,94E-04 | 2,66E-06 | 3,15E-08 | 0,00E+00 | 1,20E-07 | 1,31E-06 | 4,26E-08 | -1,50E-03 |

Output flow indicators

| Results per functional or declared unit | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Indicator | Unit | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Components for re-use | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Material for recycling | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,89E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Materials for energy recovery | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 3,70E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,96E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy, electricity | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy, thermal | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |

Variation of core environmental performance indicators

In accordance with the regulations, the variation between the highest and lowest environmental impact indicator results (mandatory and additional) for modules A to C is declared. The thickest cable within the product group is assumed to have the highest environmental impact results and the thinnest cable is assumed to have the lowest environmental impact results. The variation between products is mainly subjected to material weight, due to green energy in production.

| Variation of results | | | Variation results | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Indicator | Unit | A – C | Indicator | Unit | A – C |
| GWP-total | kg CO ₂ eq. | 187% | GWP-GHG | kg CO ₂ eq. | 187% |
| GWP-fossil | kg CO ₂ eq. | 187% | Particulate matter | Incidence | 191% |
| GWP-biogenic | kg CO ₂ eq. | - | Ionizing radiation | kBq U235e | 193% |
| GWP-luluc | kg CO ₂ eq. | 192% | Ecotoxicity (freshwater) | CTUe | 195% |
| ODP | kg CFC 11 eq. | 192% | Human toxicity, cancer | CTUh | 195% |
| AP | mol H ⁺ eq. | 194% | Human tox. non-cancer | CTUh | 195% |
| EP-freshwater | kg P eq. | 192% | SQP | - | 178% |
| EP-marine | kg N eq. | 193% | | | |
| EP-terrestrial | mol N eq. | 194% | | | |
| POCP | kg NMVOC eq. | 192% | | | |
| ADP-minerals&metals | kg Sb eq. | 195% | | | |
| ADP-fossil | MJ | 186% | | | |
| WDP | m ³ | 194% | | | |

Note. For example, if the variation between the values 9 and 10 is calculated, the following calculation shall be made: $1/9.5 \times 100 = 10.526... \% \approx 11\%$ (with two decimals).

Additional environmental information

Manufacturing energy scenario documentation

| Scenario parameter | Global warming potential (A1-A3) value | Source |
|---|--|---|
| Renewable energy mix | 0.0074 kg CO _{2e} / kWh | Elektroprivreda BiH d.d. Sarajevo (EPBIH) energy generation power balance (2022) https://www.epbih.ba/eng/page/about-company#power-balance |
| Market for diesel, burned in building machine (Reference product: diesel, burned in building machine) | 0.0278 kg CO _{2e} / kWh | Country: World Data source: ecoinvent 3.10.1 |
| Market for propane, burned in building machine (Reference product: propane, burned in building machine) | 0.0262 kg CO _{2e} / kWh | Country: World Data source: ecoinvent 3.10.1 |

Transport to the building site scenario documentation

| Scenario information | Value |
|---|--|
| Vehicle type used for transport | Market for transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO6 |
| Distance, km | 1936 |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns), % | 100 |
| Weight of transported products with packaging | 2,964 kg/m |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor | 1 |

End-of-life scenario documentation

| Scenario parameter | Value |
|--|--|
| Collection process – kg collected separately | 2,59E+00 |
| Collection process – kg collected with mixed waste | - |
| Recovery process – kg for re-use | - |
| Recovery process – kg for recycling | 1,89E+00 |
| Recovery process – kg for energy recovery | 2,96E-01 |
| Disposal (total) – kg for final deposition | 4,08E-01 |
| Scenario assumptions e.g. transportation | Dismantled product is transported 100 km |

References

Standards and PCR

1. General Programme Instructions of the international EPD® system. Version 4.0.
2. PCR 2019:14 Construction Products (EN 15804:A2) version 1.3.4 (2024-04-30)
3. Product Category Rules PCR 2019:14-c-PCR-019 Electrical cables and wires (for construction sector) (c-PCR to PCR 2019:14) (Adopted from EPD Norway) (2022-03-01)
4. EN 15804+A2 Sustainability in construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products.
5. ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures.
6. ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Principles and frameworks.
7. ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Requirements and guidelines.
8. Cables LCA background report.

Data references:

1. One Click LCA tool
2. Ecoinvent database v3.10.1 (2024)

Annex 1

Series of cables that falls into the product group are presented below.

- N2XH-0 3x25 Flex. B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x300 Flex B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x185 Flex B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x150 Flex B2ca
- N2XH-0 1x10 Flex B2ca
- N2XH" 1x50 Flex. B2ca
- N2XH" 1x25 Flex. B2ca
- FG16OM16 5G6 Cca
- FG16OM16 5G35 Cca
- FG16OM16 5G25 Cca
- FG16OM16 5G16 Cca
- FG16OM16 5G10 Cca
- FG16OM16 5G1,5 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G95 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G70 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G50 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G35 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G25 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G16 Cca
- FG16OM16 4G10 Cca
- FG16M16 1x120 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G95 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G70 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G6 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G50 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G4 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G4 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G35 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G25 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G240 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G2,5 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G185 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G16 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G16 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G150 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G10 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G10 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G1,5 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 5G1,5 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4x50 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4x35 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4x240 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4x185 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4x150 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G95 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G70 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G6 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G50 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G4 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G35 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G25 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G240 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G2,5 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G16 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G120 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 4G10 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G6 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G4 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G2,5 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G2,5 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G16 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G1,5 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 3G1,5 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x50 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x300 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x240 Cca*
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x240 Cca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x240 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x185 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1x150 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G95 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G70 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G6 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G50 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G35 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G25 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G240 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G185 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G16 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G150 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G120 B2ca
- U1000 RZ1-K 1G10 B2ca

